

Name: _____ Date: _____

Show your work very clearly, neatly, and box your final answer.

One Side Only

1. Prove that if A is idempotent, then A^T is idempotent.

2. Prove that if A is nonsingular, then so is A^T .

3. Prove if A is a symmetric nonsingular matrix, then A^{-1} is also symmetric.

4. Suppose \mathbf{A} is a square matrix satisfying the equation $\mathbf{A}^3 - 2\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{0}$. Show that $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}$ is invertible and find the inverse. **Hint: Factoring of difference of two cubes.**

5. Suppose that \mathbf{A} is an $n \times n$ matrix and \mathbf{B} is an invertible $n \times n$ matrix, use mathematical induction to prove that $(\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}^{-1})^n = \mathbf{B}\mathbf{A}^n\mathbf{B}^{-1}$ where n is a natural number.

6. If A is a nonsingular matrix and B is row-equivalent to A , then B is nonsingular.

7. Find the LU – factorization of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Use the LU – factorization to solve

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y + z - t = 7 \\ 3y + z - t = -3 \\ -2z = 2 \\ 2x + y + z - 2t = 8 \end{cases}$$